sented and suggested that the article would be efficacious in the cure, mitigation, and treatment of alcoholism, whereas the article would not be efficacious for such purpose.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the remainder of the packages failed to bear adequate directions for use, since they failed to

reveal the conditions for which the article was to be used.

DISPOSITION: December 19, 1947. A plea of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$175, plus costs.

2258. Misbranding of Forfem Perles. U. S. v. 45 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 23963. Sample No. 14292-K.)

LIBEL FILED: November 18, 1947, Northern District of Illinois.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 26, 1947, by the Supreme Pharmaceutical Co., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 45 boxes each containing 24 Forfem Perles at Chicago, Ill.

LABEL, IN PART: "Forfem Perles A carefully prepared combination of Pennyroyal, Tansy, Apiol, Powdered Extract of Ergot, Aloin, Rue and Vegetable Oil in a soft Gelatin Perle."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling of the article failed to bear adequate directions for use and did not conform to the conditions authorizing exemption from that requirement, since its label did not bear a statement of the quantity or proportion of each active ingredient in the article.

Disposition: February 25, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

2259. Misbranding of 1 Shot A-Ran Treatment. U. S. v. 35 Outfits * * *. (F. D. C. No. 23198. Sample No. 86867-H.)

LIBEL FILED: June 20, 1947, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 19 and March 17, 1947, from Green Bay, Wis., by Random Veterinary Products, Inc.

PRODUCT: 35 outfits, each containing 9 envelopes, of 1 Shot A-Ran Treatment, 1 empty bottle, 1 rubber hose, 1 needle, and 36 envelopes (refills) of 1 Shot A-Ran Treatment, at Minneapolis, Minn. Analysis showed that the product in the envelope consisted essentially of dextrose and 70 milligrams of acriflavine.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the statements, "1 Shot A-Ran Treatment For Mastitis Garget * * * Don't Let Garget Steal Your Milk Checks," in the labeling of the article were false and misleading, since they represented and suggested that the article was an adequate treatment for mastitis or garget caused by various infections, whereas the article was not such adequate treatment; Section 502 (b) (2), the article failed to bear a label containing an accurate statement of the quantity of the contents, since the package labels failed to bear any statement of the quantity of the contents; Section 502 (e) (1), the article was fabricated from 2 or more ingredients and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each active ingredient, since the name declared on the label "Diamino-Methylacridine Chloride Diaminoacridine" is not the common or usual name of acriflavine; and, Section 502 (f) (1), the labeling failed to bear adequate directions for use, since the following directions in the labeling were not adequate for the treatment of mastitis or garget: "DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Milking Cows-Dissolve contents of this envelope in pint bottle of sterile or freshly boiled water. Strip out quarter. Hold injection bottle about 3 feet above quarter so that A-Ran solution flows into quarter by gravity without force. Massage quarter gently so entire pint flows into quarter. Leave A-Ran solution in quarter 45 minutes then strip it all out. Treat adjoining quarter with A-Ran to be sure infection has not spread. Treatment may be repeated in one week if needed. Dry Cows-Prepare and inject A-Ran as described above. Leave in quarter for 45 minutes, then strip out. Strip out quarter for next two days to be sure all of solution has been removed. CAUTION—Do not leave A-Ran solution in quarter longer than one hour."

DISPOSITION: October 18, 1947. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.